General Information and Instructions					
Competency Code & Name	MEM18001 - Use hand tools				
Candidate Name					
Position					
Trainer / Assessor					
Assessment Date	Click here to date.	enter a	Attempt	□1	□2
Instructions					
Candidate instructions	Answer the questions on the answer sheet provided according to the instructions				
Satisfactory completion requirements	 Written assessment requires you to obtain a minimum score of 80% on the written assessment If you fail to PASS, then you will need to be reassessed. 				
Assessor Instructions	Pay atternioninstructConsider	ention to the o ions. er the organiza	ed on predetermined criteri quality of work, accuracy, a ation and effectiveness of the es have followed all safety i	nd adherence he documenta	
Assessment Result					
Assessment Results and	Memuaskan	Tidak Memuaskan	Feedback:		
Feedback					
Candidate Signature					
Assessor's Signature					

No	Multiple choice Choose the most appropriate answer to the question below!	S	NS
1.	What is the primary purpose of personal protective equipment (PPE) when using hand tools?		
	A) Enhancing tool performance		
	B) Ensuring a comfortable working environment		
	C) Minimizing the risk of injury to the user		
	D) Improving the quality of work		
	Answer: C) Minimizing the risk of injury to the user		
2.	Which of the following is a safe work practice when using hand tools?		
	A) Removing safety guards for better visibility		
	B) Using tools for tasks they are not designed for		
	C) Wearing appropriate PPE for the task		
	D) Storing tools in an unorganized manner		
	Answer: C) Wearing appropriate PPE for the task		
3.	What is a key consideration for ensuring safe work practices with hand tools?		
	A) Speeding up tasks for efficiency		
	B) Regularly inspecting and maintaining tools		
	C) Sharing tools without proper communication		
	D) Using tools without considering the task at hand		
	Answer: B) Regularly inspecting and maintaining tools		
4.	Which hand tool is commonly used for shaping and smoothing materials by abrasion and comes in various cross-sectional shapes such as flat, round, and triangle?		
	A) Hacksaw		
	B) Hammer		
	C) File		
	D) Chisel		
	Answer: C) File		
5.	What is the primary application of a wood plane in a general engineering context?		
	A) Cutting metal		П
	B) Smoothing and shaping wood surfaces		
	C) Fastening materials		

No	Multiple choice	· ·	NS
No	Choose the most appropriate answer to the question below!	S	NS
	D) Removing rust from surfaces		
	Answer: B) Smoothing and shaping wood surfaces		
6.	Which hand tool is commonly used for cutting or shaping materials such as metal, plastic, or wood by utilizing a toothed blade?		
	A) Screwdriver		
	B) Hacksaw		
	C) Socket wrench		
	D) Chisel		
	Answer: B) Hacksaw		
7.	What type of hand tool is typically used for tightening or loosening nuts and bolts and comes in various sizes, including adjustable variants?		
	A) Hammer		
	B) Chisel		
	C) Wrench		
	D) File		
	Answer: C) Wrench		
8.	Which hand tool is designed for striking or hitting materials and is available in various types, including ball-peen, claw, and sledge?		
	A) Punch		
	B) Gouge		
	C) Hammer		
	D) Scraper		
	Answer: C) Hammer		
9.	What is a potential consequence of using hand tools with blunt or dull cutting edges?		
	A) Improved cutting efficiency		
	B) Increased effort required for cutting		
	C) Extended tool lifespan		
	D) Enhanced safety during operation		
	Answer: B) Increased effort required for cutting		
10.	What is a common issue associated with hand tools if the handles are loose or grips are damaged?		

No	Multiple choice		NS
NO	Choose the most appropriate answer to the question below!	S	INS
	A) Improved control during use		
	B) Enhanced user comfort		
	C) Compromised control and safety		
	D) Extended tool lifespan		
	Answer: C) Compromised control and safety		
11.	Why is it important to regularly inspect hand tools for cracks or breaks?		
	A) To enhance the aesthetics of the tools		
	B) To reduce the need for replacement		
	C) To identify potential safety hazards		
	D) To extend the warranty period		
	Answer: C) To identify potential safety hazards		
12.	What is the recommended action when a hand tool is found to be unsafe or faulty during regular inspection?		
	A) Continue using the tool with caution		
	B) Mark the tool for repair or replacement		
	C) Ignore the issue and report it later		
	D) Share the tool with colleagues		
	Answer: B) Mark the tool for repair or replacement		
13.	Why is it important to mark unsafe or faulty tools for repair rather than continuing to use them?		
	A) To avoid unnecessary replacement costs		
	B) To maintain an organized tool storage area		
	C) To prevent potential accidents or injuries		
	D) To meet workplace aesthetic standards		
	Answer: C) To prevent potential accidents or injuries		
14.	What color is commonly used for marking tools that are identified as unsafe or faulty and in need of repair?		
	A) Red		
	B) Blue		
	C) Green		
	D) Yellow		

No	Multiple choice Choose the most appropriate answer to the question below!	S	NS
	Answer: A) Yellow		
15.	What is a common routine maintenance task for hand tools to prevent rust and ensure smooth operation?		
	A) Painting the tools		
	B) Lubricating moving parts		
	C) Exposing tools to moisture		
	D) Tightening fasteners regularly		
	Answer: B) Lubricating moving parts		
16.	Why is it important to regularly tighten fasteners on hand tools as part of routine maintenance?		
	A) To increase the weight of the tools		
	B) To make the tools more difficult to use		
	C) To prevent potential safety hazards		
	D) To improve the aesthetic appearance		
	Answer: C) To prevent potential safety hazards		
17.	What is a key consideration when selecting a storage location for hand tools?		
	A) Proximity to food and beverages		
	B) Exposure to extreme temperatures		
	C) Frequent changes in humidity		
	D) Availability of natural light		
	Answer: B) Exposure to extreme temperatures		
18.	Why is it important to store hand tools in an organized manner?		
	A) To increase the chances of misplacing tools		
	B) To create a visually appealing workspace		
	C) To promote safety and easy tool access		
	D) To impress visitors to the workspace		
	Answer: C) To promote safety and easy tool access		
19.	What is a recommended practice for storing cutting tools, such as chisels and gouges, to prevent damage?		
	A) Tossing them into a toolbox without organization		

KSB-TRN-TEC Technical Training MEM18001 - Use hand tools

No	Multiple choice	S	NS		
NO	Choose the most appropriate answer to the question below!	3	INS		
	B) Storing them in a dry environment with proper protection				
	C) Leaving them exposed to the elements for easy access				
	D) Sharing storage space with heavy machinery				
	Answer: B) Storing them in a dry environment with proper protection				
20.	What action should be taken immediately after marking a hand tool for repair?				
	A) Continue using the tool with caution				
	B) Store the tool with other marked tools				
	C) Seek professional repair or replacement				
	D) Share the tool with colleagues				
	Answer: C) Seek professional repair or replacement				
Score:	Score:				

No	Essay Answer the question below as the instruction given!	S	NS
21.	Provide examples of potential hazards and injuries that may arise from unsafe hand tool practices and explain how these risks can be mitigated through proper safety measures. Answer: Examples of potential hazards include: Incorrect tool use: Using a screwdriver as a chisel can lead to the tool slipping and causing injuries. Poorly maintained tools: A rusty and dull blade on a saw can result in uneven cuts and potential accidents. Lack of PPE: Not wearing safety glasses when using a grinder may lead to eye injuries from flying debris. To mitigate these risks: Training programs: Provide comprehensive training on the proper use of each tool and the importance of safety measures. Regular toolbox talks: Conduct regular safety meetings to discuss potential hazards and reinforce safe practices. Reporting system: Establish a clear process for reporting unsafe conditions or tools for prompt resolution.		
22.	TROCCOT		

	Essay		
No	Answer the question below as the instruction given!	S	NS
	Name fastening tools in the above pictures.		
	a. b.		
	c.		
	d.		
	e.		
	f.		
	g. h.		
	i.		
	j.		
	k.		
	1.		
23.	Name screwdrivers tools in the above pictures. a. b. c. d. e.		

No	Essay	S	NS
NO	Answer the question below as the instruction given!	,	143
	f.		
24.	Name screwdrivers tools in the above pictures. a. b. c. d. e. f. g. h.		

771277	18001 - Use nana toois		
No	Essay	S	NS
140	Answer the question below as the instruction given!		143
25.	Name purchase and the process of the		

TVILIVI	Essay		
No		S	NS
	Answer the question below as the instruction given!		
26.	MASE CORD.		
	Name plier tools in the above pictures.		
	a.		
	b.		
	c.		
	d.		
	e.		
	f.		
	g.		
	h. :		
	i. :		
	j. k.		
	1.		
	m.		
	n.		

7.12.71	16001 - OSE Haria 1001s		
No	Essay	S	NS
NU	Answer the question below as the instruction given!	3	N3
27.			
	Name clamping tools in the above pictures.		
	a.		
	b.		
	c.		
	d.		
	e.		
	f.		

No	Essay	S	NS
	Answer the question below as the instruction given!		
28.	Name marking/ measuring tools in the above pictures. a. b. c. d. e. f.		
29.	Discuss the common faults and defects that can occur in hand tools, and outline the corrective actions that should be taken when faults are identified. Answer:		
	Common Faults and Defects:		
	Blunt or Dull Cutting Edges: Regularly sharpen cutting edges using appropriate tools.		
	Loose Handles or Grips: Tighten fasteners, replace handles, or use appropriate adhesives.		
	Cracks or Breaks: Regularly inspect for cracks, replace damaged tools promptly.		
	Corrosion and Rust: Clean and remove rust, apply rust inhibitor, store tools in a dry environment.		

No	Essay	S	NS	
	Answer the question below as the instruction given!			
	Worn Joints and Hinges: Lubricate joints, replace worn-out parts.			
	Missing or Damaged Fasteners: Regularly check and tighten fasteners, replace damaged ones.			
	Inaccurate Measurements: Calibrate measuring tools regularly.			
	If a tool is found to have severe defects that cannot be safely repaired, it should be immediately replaced. Tools with specific faults, such as loose handles or worn-out components, should be repaired or have the faulty parts replaced.			
30.	Explian 5S cultures that related to hand tools usage.			
	Answer:			
	Seiri (Sort): The first step involves sorting and eliminating unnecessary items from the workplace. Identify and remove items that are not needed for the current operation. This reduces clutter and ensures that only essential tools and materials are present.			
	Seiton (Set in Order): Arrange the remaining items in a systematic and organized manner. Designate specific locations for tools, equipment, and materials so that they are easily accessible when needed. This step aims to reduce searching time and improve efficiency.			
	Seiso (Shine): Clean and maintain the workplace regularly. This includes daily cleaning routines to ensure that the workspace is free from dirt, dust, and debris. Regular cleaning helps identify potential issues and maintains a safe and pleasant working environment.			
	Seiketsu (Standardize): Establish standardized procedures and practices for maintaining the organized and clean workplace. Develop and implement consistent processes to sustain the improvements made in the first three steps. Standardization helps create a stable and efficient work environment.			
	Shitsuke (Sustain): Sustain the 5S practices by creating a culture of continuous improvement. Encourage employees to adhere to the established standards and promote a sense of responsibility for maintaining a clean and organized workplace. Regular audits and reviews can help ensure that the 5S practices are consistently followed.			
Score:				
-END-				